HOUSE BILL No. 1191

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 27-1-38; IC 27-4-1-4.

Synopsis: Insurance activities of depository institutions. Imposes certain requirements on depository institutions that sell, solicit, advertise, or offer insurance. Makes a violation of the requirements an unfair and deceptive act and practice in the business of insurance.

Effective: July 1, 2002.

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January 10, 2002, read first time and referred to Committee on Financial Institutions.





Second Regular Session 112th General Assembly (2002)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2001 General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1191

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning insurance.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 27-1-38 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS
2	A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
3	1, 2002]:

Chapter 38. Regulation of Depository Institutions

- Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "affiliate" means a company that controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with another company.
- Sec. 2. As used in this section, "customer" means an individual who purchases, applies to purchase, or is solicited to purchase insurance primarily for personal, family, or household purposes.
- Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "depository institution" means a depository financial institution (as defined in IC 28-9-2-6).
- Sec. 4. As used in this section, "insurance producer" has the meaning set forth in IC 27-1-15.6-2.
- Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "person that sells, solicits, advertises, or offers insurance on behalf of a depository institution" means a person to which one (1) of the following

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1	applies:
2	(1) The person represents to a customer that the sale,
3	solicitation, advertisement, or offer of insurance is by or on
4	behalf of the depository institution.
5	(2) The depository institution:
6	(A) refers a customer to the person; and
7	(B) has a contractual arrangement with the person to
8	receive commissions or fees on sales of insurance that
9	result from referrals to the person.
10	(3) Documents that provide evidence of the sale, solicitation,
11	advertisement, or offer of insurance identify or refer to the
12	depository institution.
13	Sec. 6. This chapter does not apply to credit insurance.
14	Sec. 7. A depository institution or an affiliate of a depository
15	institution may not do the following:
16	(1) As a condition precedent to a loan of money, an extension
17	of credit, or the renewal of a loan of money or an extension of
18	credit, require a customer to:
19	(A) purchase; or
20	(B) renew;
21	insurance through a particular insurer, insurance producer,
22	broker, or group of insurers or insurance producers.
23	(2) When insurance is required in connection with a loan of
24	money or an extension of credit, reject an insurance policy
25	solely because the insurance policy was issued by an insurer
26	that is not associated with the depository institution or an
27	affiliate of the depository institution.
28	(3) As a condition precedent to an extension of credit or an
29	offer of a product or service that is equivalent to an extension
30	of credit, require a customer to obtain insurance from a
31	particular depository institution, affiliate of a depository
32	institution, insurance producer, or insurer. This subdivision
33	does not prohibit a depository institution or an affiliate of a
34	depository institution from informing a customer or
35	prospective customer that:
36	(A) insurance is required for a loan of money or an
37	extension of credit;
38	(B) approval for a loan of money or an extension of credit
39	is contingent upon the purchase of insurance; or
40	(C) insurance is available through the depository
41	institution or affiliate.
42	(4) Unreasonably reject an insurance policy that is furnished



1	by a customer for the protection of property that secures a
2	loan of money or an extension of credit to the customer. For
3	purposes of this subdivision, a rejection is not unreasonable if
4	the rejection is based on uniformly applied reasonable
5	standards that:
6	(A) relate to the extent of insurance required;
7	(B) relate to the financial soundness and services of the
8	insurer issuing the insurance policy;
9	(C) do not discriminate against a particular kind of
.0	insurer; and
.1	(D) do not require rejection of an insurance policy because
2	the insurance policy provides coverage in addition to the
.3	coverage required for the loan of money or extension of
4	credit.
.5	(5) Require a person to pay a separate charge:
6	(A) in connection with the issuance of insurance that is
.7	required as surety for a loan of money for real estate; or
8	(B) to substitute insurance issued by one (1) insurer for an
9	insurance policy issued by another insurer.
20	For purposes of this subdivision, a separate charge does not
21	include interest charged on loans of money or advancements
22	for premiums under the terms of a loan agreement or credit
23	agreement. This subdivision does not apply to charges that
24	apply when the insurance producer that provides the
25	insurance is the depository institution or the affiliate of a
26	depository institution.
27	(6) Require of an:
28	(A) insurance producer; or
29	(B) insurer;
30	a procedure or condition that is not customarily required of
31	an insurance producer or insurer that is connected with the
32	depository institution or the affiliate of a depository
33	institution.
34	(7) Use advertising or insurance promotional material that
35	would cause a reasonable person to incorrectly believe that
36	the federal or state government:
37	(A) is responsible for the insurance sales activity; or
88	(B) guarantees the credit;
39	of the depository institution or the affiliate of a depository
10	institution.
1	(8) Use advertising or insurance promotional material that
12	would cause a reasonable person to incorrectly believe that



1	the federal or state government:
2	(A) guarantees a return on an insurance product sold by;
3	or
4	(B) is a source of payment on an insurance obligation of;
5	the depository institution or the affiliate of a depository
6	institution.
7	(9) Act as an insurance producer, unless the depository
8	institution or the affiliate of a depository institution is
9	licensed under IC 27-1-15.6.
10	(10) Solicit or sell insurance, other than credit insurance or
11	flood insurance, unless the solicitation or sale is completed
12	through documents separate from a loan of money or an
13	extension of credit.
14	
15	(11) Include the expense of an insurance premium, other
	than a credit insurance premium or a flood insurance
16 17	premium, in a primary loan of money or extension of credit
	without the express written consent of the customer.
18	(12) Solicit or sell insurance, unless the area in which
19	insurance sales activities of the depository institution or
20	affiliate occur is, to the extent practicable, physically
21	separate from the area where retail deposits are routinely
22	accepted by the depository institution or affiliate.
23	(13) Solicit or sell insurance, unless the depository institution
24	or the affiliate of a depository institution maintains separate
25	books and records that relate to insurance transactions,
26	including files related to consumer complaints.
27	Sec. 8. (a) A depository institution or the affiliate of a depository
28	institution that:
29	(1) lends money or extends credit; and
30	(2) solicits insurance primarily for personal, family, or
31	household purposes;
32	shall disclose in writing to a customer that the insurance related to
33	the loan or credit extension may be purchased from an insurer or
34	insurance producer chosen by the customer, subject only to the
35	ability of the depository institution or affiliate to reasonably reject
36	an insurer or insurance producer as described in section 7(4) of
37	this chapter.
38	(b) A disclosure under subsection (a) must inform the customer
39	that the customer's choice of insurer or insurance producer does
40	not affect:
41	(1) the decision of the depository institution or the affiliate of
42	a depository institution regarding the loan or credit



1	extension; or
2	(2) the terms of the loan or credit extension;
3	except that the depository institution or the affiliate of a depository
4	institution may impose reasonable requirements concerning the
5	creditworthiness of the insurer and the scope of insurance coverage
6	chosen, as described in section 7(4) of this chapter.
7	Sec. 9. (a) This section applies as follows:
8	(1) To an affiliate of a depository institution only to the
9	extent that the affiliate sells, solicits, advertises, or offers
10	insurance at the office of a depository institution or on behalf
11	of a depository institution.
12	(2) To the:
13	(A) sale of;
14	(B) solicitation for; or
15	(C) application for;
16	insurance by an individual primarily for personal, family, or
17	household purposes and only to the extent that a disclosure
18	is accurate.
19	(b) A depository institution or an affiliate of a depository
20	institution that solicits, sells, advertises, or offers insurance, and a
21	person that sells, solicits, advertises, or offers insurance on behalf
22	of a depository institution, shall disclose to a customer, in writing
23	where practicable, in a clear and conspicuous manner, and before
24	a sale of insurance, that the insurance:
25	(1) is not a deposit;
26	(2) is not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance
27	Corporation or another federal government agency;
28	(3) is not guaranteed by the depository institution, the
29	affiliate of a depository institution, or the person that sells,
30	solicits, advertises, or offers insurance on behalf of a
31	depository institution; and
32	(4) involves investment risk including possible loss of value,
33	if appropriate.
34	Sec. 10. (a) A depository institution that solicits, sells, advertises,
35	or offers insurance, a depository institution's affiliate that solicits,
36	sells, advertises, or offers insurance, or a person that sells, solicits,
37	advertises, or offers insurance on behalf of a depository institution
38	shall obtain from a customer to whom a disclosure is made under
39	section 9 of this chapter a written acknowledgment of receipt of the
40	disclosure:
41	(1) when the customer receives the disclosure; or

(2) at the time of the initial purchase of the insurance.



1	(b) If a solicitation for insurance is conducted by telephone, the
2	depository institution, the affiliate of a depository institution, or
3	the person that sells, solicits, advertises, or offers insurance on
4	behalf of a depository institution shall:
5	(1) obtain an oral acknowledgment of receipt of the
6	disclosure;
7	(2) maintain documentation to show that the
8	acknowledgment was given by the customer; and
9	(3) make reasonable efforts to obtain a written
10	acknowledgment from the customer.
11	Sec. 11. If:
12	(1) a customer consents to receive the disclosure required
13	under section 8 of this chapter electronically; and
14	(2) the disclosure is provided to the customer in a format that
15	the customer may retain or obtain at a later time;
16	the depository institution, the affiliate of a depository institution,
17	or the person that sells, solicits, advertises, or offers insurance on
18	behalf of a depository institution may provide the disclosure
19	electronically and may obtain from the customer acknowledgment
20	of receipt of the disclosure electronically.
21	Sec. 12. (a) The commissioner may examine and investigate the
22	insurance activities of a person that the commissioner believes to
23	be in violation of this chapter. A person examined or investigated
24	under this section shall, upon reasonable notice from the
25	department, make the insurance related books and records of the
26	person available to the department.
27	(b) In the case of an examination or investigation of a depository
28	institution under subsection (a), the commissioner shall, before
29	performing the examination or investigation:
30	(1) notify the federal or state banking agency that regulates
31	the depository institution that the commissioner intends to
32	examine or investigate the depository institution; and
33	(2) advise the federal or state banking agency of the
34	depository institution's suspected violation of this section.
35	Sec. 13. This chapter does not prevent a depository institution
36	or an affiliate of a depository institution that lends money or
37	extends credit from placing insurance on real or personal property
38	if a customer fails to provide insurance that is required under
39	terms of a loan agreement or credit agreement.
40	Sec. 14. A person that violates this chapter commits an unfair
41	and deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance under



IC 27-4-1-4.

1	SECTION 2. IC 27-4-1-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.132-2001,
2	SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 4. The following are hereby defined as unfair
4	methods of competition and unfair and deceptive acts and practices in
5	the business of insurance:
6	(1) Making, issuing, circulating, or causing to be made, issued,
7	or circulated, any estimate, illustration, circular, or statement:
8	(A) misrepresenting the terms of any policy issued or to be
9	issued or the benefits or advantages promised thereby or the
10	dividends or share of the surplus to be received thereon;
11	(B) making any false or misleading statement as to the
12	dividends or share of surplus previously paid on similar
13	policies;
14	(C) making any misleading representation or any
15	misrepresentation as to the financial condition of any insurer,
16	or as to the legal reserve system upon which any life insurer
17	operates;
18	(D) using any name or title of any policy or class of policies
19	misrepresenting the true nature thereof; or
20	(E) making any misrepresentation to any policyholder insured
21	in any company for the purpose of inducing or tending to
22	induce such policyholder to lapse, forfeit, or surrender his
23	insurance.
24	(2) Making, publishing, disseminating, circulating, or placing
25	before the public, or causing, directly or indirectly, to be made,
26	published, disseminated, circulated, or placed before the public,
27	in a newspaper, magazine, or other publication, or in the form of
28	a notice, circular, pamphlet, letter, or poster, or over any radio or
29	television station, or in any other way, an advertisement,
30	announcement, or statement containing any assertion,
31	representation, or statement with respect to any person in the
32	conduct of his insurance business, which is untrue, deceptive, or
33	misleading.
34	(3) Making, publishing, disseminating, or circulating, directly or
35	indirectly, or aiding, abetting, or encouraging the making,
36	publishing, disseminating, or circulating of any oral or written
37	statement or any pamphlet, circular, article, or literature which
38	is false, or maliciously critical of or derogatory to the financial
39	condition of an insurer, and which is calculated to injure any
40	person engaged in the business of insurance.
41	(4) Entering into any agreement to commit, or individually or by
42	a concerted action committing any act of boycott, coercion, or



1	intimidation resulting or tending to result in unreasonable
2	restraint of, or a monopoly in, the business of insurance.
3	(5) Filing with any supervisory or other public official, or
4	making, publishing, disseminating, circulating, or delivering to
5	any person, or placing before the public, or causing directly or
6	indirectly, to be made, published, disseminated, circulated,
7	delivered to any person, or placed before the public, any false
8	statement of financial condition of an insurer with intent to
9	deceive. Making any false entry in any book, report, or statement
10	of any insurer with intent to deceive any agent or examiner
11	lawfully appointed to examine into its condition or into any of its
12	affairs, or any public official to which such insurer is required by
13	law to report, or which has authority by law to examine into its
14	condition or into any of its affairs, or, with like intent, willfully
15	omitting to make a true entry of any material fact pertaining to
16	the business of such insurer in any book, report, or statement of
17	such insurer.
18	(6) Issuing or delivering or permitting agents, officers, or
19	employees to issue or deliver, agency company stock or other
20	capital stock, or benefit certificates or shares in any common law
21	corporation, or securities or any special or advisory board
22	contracts or other contracts of any kind promising returns and
23	profits as an inducement to insurance.
24	(7) Making or permitting any of the following:
25	(A) Unfair discrimination between individuals of the same
26	class and equal expectation of life in the rates or assessments
27	charged for any contract of life insurance or of life annuity or
28	in the dividends or other benefits payable thereon, or in any
29	other of the terms and conditions of such contract; however,
30	in determining the class, consideration may be given to the
31	nature of the risk, plan of insurance, the actual or expected
32	expense of conducting the business, or any other relevant
33	factor.
34	(B) Unfair discrimination between individuals of the same
35	class involving essentially the same hazards in the amount of
36	premium, policy fees, assessments, or rates charged or made
37	for any policy or contract of accident or health insurance or
38	in the benefits payable thereunder, or in any of the terms or
39	conditions of such contract, or in any other manner whatever;
40	however, in determining the class, consideration may be
41	given to the nature of the risk, the plan of insurance, the
42	actual or expected expense of conducting the business, or any



1	other relevant factor.
2	(C) Excessive or inadequate charges for premiums, policy
3	fees, assessments, or rates, or making or permitting any unfair
4	discrimination between persons of the same class involving
5	essentially the same hazards, in the amount of premiums,
6	policy fees, assessments, or rates charged or made for:
7	(i) policies or contracts of reinsurance or joint reinsurance,
8	or abstract and title insurance;
9	(ii) policies or contracts of insurance against loss or
10	damage to aircraft, or against liability arising out of the
11	ownership, maintenance, or use of any aircraft, or of
12	vessels or craft, their cargoes, marine builders' risks,
13	marine protection and indemnity, or other risks commonly
14	insured under marine, as distinguished from inland
15	marine, insurance; or
16	(iii) policies or contracts of any other kind or kinds of
17	insurance whatsoever.
18	However, nothing contained in clause (C) shall be construed to
19	apply to any of the kinds of insurance referred to in clauses (A)
20	and (B) nor to reinsurance in relation to such kinds of insurance.
21	Nothing in clause (A), (B), or (C) shall be construed as making
22	or permitting any excessive, inadequate, or unfairly
23	discriminatory charge or rate or any charge or rate determined by
24	the department or commissioner to meet the requirements of any
25	other insurance rate regulatory law of this state.
26	(8) Except as otherwise expressly provided by law, knowingly
27	permitting or offering to make or making any contract or policy
28	of insurance of any kind or kinds whatsoever, including but not
29	in limitation, life annuities, or agreement as to such contract or
30	policy other than as plainly expressed in such contract or policy
31	issued thereon, or paying or allowing, or giving or offering to
32	pay, allow, or give, directly or indirectly, as inducement to such
33	insurance, or annuity, any rebate of premiums payable on the
34	contract, or any special favor or advantage in the dividends,
35	savings, or other benefits thereon, or any valuable consideration
36	or inducement whatever not specified in the contract or policy;
37	or giving, or selling, or purchasing or offering to give, sell, or
38	purchase as inducement to such insurance or annuity or in
39	connection therewith, any stocks, bonds, or other securities of
40	any insurance company or other corporation, association, limited
41	liability company, or partnership, or any dividends, savings, or
42	profits accrued thereon, or anything of value whatsoever not



1	specified in the contract. Nothing in this subdivision and
2	subdivision (7) shall be construed as including within the
3	definition of discrimination or rebates any of the following
4	practices:
5	(A) Paying bonuses to policyholders or otherwise abating
6	their premiums in whole or in part out of surplus accumulated
7	from nonparticipating insurance, so long as any such bonuses
8	or abatement of premiums are fair and equitable to
9	policyholders and for the best interests of the company and its
10	policyholders.
11	(B) In the case of life insurance policies issued on the
12	industrial debit plan, making allowance to policyholders who
13	have continuously for a specified period made premium
14	payments directly to an office of the insurer in an amount
15	which fairly represents the saving in collection expense.
16	(C) Readjustment of the rate of premium for a group
17	insurance policy based on the loss or expense experience
18	thereunder, at the end of the first year or of any subsequent
19	year of insurance thereunder, which may be made retroactive
20	only for such policy year.
21	(D) Paying by an insurer or agent thereof duly licensed as
22	such under the laws of this state of money, commission, or
23	brokerage, or giving or allowing by an insurer or such
24	licensed agent thereof anything of value, for or on account of
25	the solicitation or negotiation of policies or other contracts of
26	any kind or kinds, to a broker, agent, or solicitor duly licensed
27	under the laws of this state, but such broker, agent, or
28	solicitor receiving such consideration shall not pay, give, or
29	allow credit for such consideration as received in whole or in
30	part, directly or indirectly, to the insured by way of rebate.
31	(9) Requiring, as a condition precedent to loaning money upon
32	the security of a mortgage upon real property, that the owner of
33	the property to whom the money is to be loaned negotiate any
34	policy of insurance covering such real property through a
35	particular insurance agent or broker or brokers. However, this
36	subdivision shall not prevent the exercise by any lender of its or
37	his right to approve or disapprove of the insurance company
38	selected by the borrower to underwrite the insurance.
39	(10) Entering into any contract, combination in the form of a
40	trust or otherwise, or conspiracy in restraint of commerce in the
41	business of insurance.
TI	Gustiness of insurance.

 $(11)\,Monopolizing\,or\,attempting\,to\,monopolize\,or\,combining\,or$





1	conspiring with any other person or persons to monopolize any	
2	part of commerce in the business of insurance. However,	
3	participation as a member, director, or officer in the activities of	
4	any nonprofit organization of agents or other workers in the	
5	insurance business shall not be interpreted, in itself, to constitute	
6	a combination in restraint of trade or as combining to create a	
7	monopoly as provided in this subdivision and subdivision (10).	
8	The enumeration in this chapter of specific unfair methods of	
9	competition and unfair or deceptive acts and practices in the	
10	business of insurance is not exclusive or restrictive or intended	
11	to limit the powers of the commissioner or department or of any	
12	court of review under section 8 of this chapter.	
13	(12) Requiring as a condition precedent to the sale of real or	
14	personal property under any contract of sale, conditional sales	
15	contract, or other similar instrument or upon the security of a	
16	chattel mortgage, that the buyer of such property negotiate any	
17	policy of insurance covering such property through a particular	
18	insurance company, agent, or broker or brokers. However, this	
19	subdivision shall not prevent the exercise by any seller of such	
20	property or the one making a loan thereon, of his, her, or its right	
21	to approve or disapprove of the insurance company selected by	
22	the buyer to underwrite the insurance.	
23	(13) Issuing, offering, or participating in a plan to issue or offer,	
24	any policy or certificate of insurance of any kind or character as	
25	an inducement to the purchase of any property, real, personal, or	
26	mixed, or services of any kind, where a charge to the insured is	
27	not made for and on account of such policy or certificate of	
28	insurance. However, this subdivision shall not apply to any of	
29	the following:	
30	(A) Insurance issued to credit unions or members of credit	
31	unions in connection with the purchase of shares in such	
32	credit unions.	
33	(B) Insurance employed as a means of guaranteeing the	
34	performance of goods and designed to benefit the purchasers	
35	or users of such goods.	
36	(C) Title insurance.	
37	(D) Insurance written in connection with an indebtedness and	
38	intended as a means of repaying such indebtedness in the	
39	event of the death or disability of the insured.	
40	(E) Insurance provided by or through motorists service clubs	
41	or associations.	



(F) Insurance that is provided to the purchaser or holder of an

1	air transportation ticket and that:
2	(i) insures against death or nonfatal injury that occurs
3	during the flight to which the ticket relates;
4	(ii) insures against personal injury or property damage that
5	occurs during travel to or from the airport in a common
6	carrier immediately before or after the flight;
7	(iii) insures against baggage loss during the flight to which
8	the ticket relates; or
9	(iv) insures against a flight cancellation to which the ticket
0	relates.
1	(14) Refusing, because of the for-profit status of a hospital or
2	medical facility, to make payments otherwise required to be
.3	made under a contract or policy of insurance for charges
4	incurred by an insured in such a for-profit hospital or other
.5	for-profit medical facility licensed by the state department of
6	health.
7	(15) Refusing to insure an individual, refusing to continue to
8	issue insurance to an individual, limiting the amount, extent, or
9	kind of coverage available to an individual, or charging an
20	individual a different rate for the same coverage, solely because
21	of that individual's blindness or partial blindness, except where
22	the refusal, limitation, or rate differential is based on sound
23	actuarial principles or is related to actual or reasonably
24	anticipated experience.
25	(16) Committing or performing, with such frequency as to
26	indicate a general practice, unfair claim settlement practices (as
27	defined in section 4.5 of this chapter).
28	(17) Between policy renewal dates, unilaterally canceling an
29	individual's coverage under an individual or group health
30	insurance policy solely because of the individual's medical or
31	physical condition.
32	(18) Using a policy form or rider that would permit a
33	cancellation of coverage as described in subdivision (17).
34	(19) Violating IC 27-1-22-25 or IC 27-1-22-26 concerning motor
35	vehicle insurance rates.
36	(20) Violating IC 27-8-21-2 concerning advertisements referring
37	to interest rate guarantees.
88	(21) Violating IC 27-8-24.3 concerning insurance and health
39	plan coverage for victims of abuse.
10	(22) Violating IC 27-8-26 concerning genetic screening or
1	testing.
12	(23) Violating IC 27-1-15.6-3(b) concerning licensure of



- 1 insurance producers.
- 2 (24) Violating IC 27-1-38 concerning depository institutions.

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